

Geometry Solutions

1. D

$$2. \text{ midpoint} = \left(\frac{1+3}{2}, \frac{5+8}{2} \right) = (2, 6.5)$$

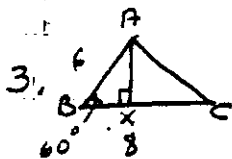
$$\text{slope} = \frac{8-5}{3-1} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\text{so slope of } \perp \text{ bisector} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$y - 6.5 = -\frac{2}{3}(x - 2) \text{ point-slope form}$$

$$3y - 19.5 = -2x + 4$$

$$\boxed{2x + 3y = 23.5 \text{ D}}$$



$$\triangle A \times B - 30^\circ - 60^\circ - 90^\circ \triangle$$

$$AX = 3\sqrt{3} = \text{height}$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(3\sqrt{3})(8) = \boxed{12\sqrt{3} \text{ D}}$$

B 4. The inscribed rectangle must be a square.



$$r = \frac{\sqrt{48}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{24}$$

$$\boxed{A = \pi r^2 = 24\pi}$$

D 5. $V_{\text{frustum}} = \frac{1}{3}\pi h(r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_1 r_2)$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\pi (5)(3^2 + 5^2 + 3 \cdot 5)$$

$$= \frac{5}{3}\pi (9 + 25 + 15)$$

$$\boxed{V = \frac{245\pi}{3}}$$

D 6. completing the square $x^2 - 8x + 16 + y^2 + 10y + 25 = 34 + 16 + 25$

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 75$$

$$r = 5\sqrt{3} \quad C = 2\pi(5\sqrt{3}) = \boxed{10\sqrt{3}\pi}$$

D 7. $\tan 95^\circ =$

$$\boxed{\frac{\sin 95^\circ}{\cos 95^\circ}}$$

C 8. $V = \frac{s^3\sqrt{2}}{12} = \frac{h^3\sqrt{2}}{12}$

16. C

17. B

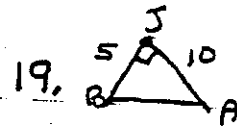
18. B

A 9. side of cube = 3

diagonal of cube = diameter of sphere = $3\sqrt{3}$

radius of sphere = $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{27\sqrt{3}}{8} \pi = \frac{27\sqrt{3}\pi}{2}$



19. $AB = \sqrt{25+100} = 5\sqrt{5}$ mi, D

10. B

11. B

12. depth = 6 depth w/o covers = 5.6

$5.6 \cdot 0.05 = 0.28$ D

20. $A_{\Delta} = \frac{s^2\sqrt{3}}{4} = \sqrt{3}$

$\Delta ABC = \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{4}$

Area of trapezoid = $\frac{9\sqrt{3}}{4} - \sqrt{3} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{4}$

ratio = $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{5\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4}{5}$ E

13. $V_{icecream} = V_{cone}$

$V_{icecream} = \frac{4}{3}\pi \cdot 216 = 288\pi$

$V_{cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 \cdot 8 = 288\pi$

$r^2 = 108$

$r = 6\sqrt{3}$ A

21. E - ORTHOCENTER

22. P=T Q=F

I. $T \wedge \sim F = T \wedge T = T$

II. $\sim(\sim T \vee \sim F)$

$\sim(F \vee T)$

$\sim(T) = F$

III. $((T \wedge F) \vee T) \wedge F \vee (F \wedge F)$

F V F

F

IV. $(T \rightarrow F) \rightarrow F$

F \rightarrow F

T

14. $4000/16 = 250$ sq ft / room

lengths $2x \cdot 5x$

$10x^2 = 250$

$x^2 = 25$

$x = 5$

lengths of sides 10, 25

perimeter = 70 C

15. dimensions of field = $100 \times \frac{200}{3}$

$A = \frac{20000}{3}$ $A_{square} = \frac{10000}{3}$

side of square = $\sqrt{\frac{10000}{3}} = \frac{100}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{100\sqrt{3}}{3}$ C

A 23. $A = \sqrt{(a-a)(a-b)(a-c)(a-d)}$

$= \sqrt{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}$

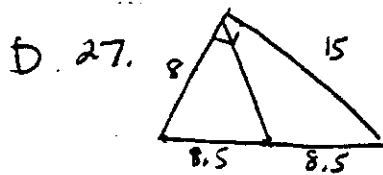
$= \sqrt{24}$

$= 2\sqrt{6}$

E 24. $A = \pi ab = \pi \cdot 8 \cdot 5 = \boxed{40\pi}$

A 25. plot or use \perp lines $\boxed{(5, 5)}$

C 26. $d = \frac{|Ax + By + C|}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2}} = \frac{|9(6) + 11(6) - 13|}{\sqrt{9^2 + 11^2}} = \frac{107}{\sqrt{202}} = \boxed{\frac{107\sqrt{202}}{202}}$



In a right Δ midpt of hypotenuse is equidistant from all 3 vertices

$\therefore \boxed{8.5}$

A 28. $x + 2x = 180$

$3x = 180$

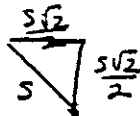
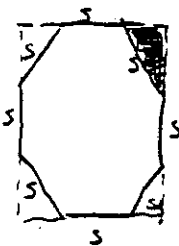
$x = 60$ (exterior \angle)

6 sides

$60 \cdot 360$

$\boxed{6 \times 8 = 48}$

E 29.



side of square = $s + s\sqrt{2}$

$A_{\text{square}} = (s + s\sqrt{2})^2 = s^2 + 2s^2\sqrt{2} + 2s^2 = 3s^2 + 2s^2\sqrt{2}$

$A_{\text{triangles}} = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{s\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) \left(\frac{s\sqrt{2}}{2} \right) = \frac{2 \cdot s^2}{2} = s^2$

$A_{\text{square}} - s^2 = \boxed{2s^2 + 2s^2\sqrt{2}}$

A 30. BD' divided in ratio $BC : CB' = 8 : 12 = 2 : 3$

$2x + 3x = 10 \quad x = 2$

$BC = 4 \quad CB' = 6$

$\boxed{AC + A'C = 10\sqrt{5}}$

$AC = \sqrt{8^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{80} = 4\sqrt{5} \quad A'C = \sqrt{6^2 + 12^2} = \sqrt{180} = 6\sqrt{5}$