

Mu Alpha Theta National Convention: Seattle, 1997
Calculus Individual Test

1. Determine the equation of the parabola with focus (4,3) and directrix $x = -2$.
(A) $x = \frac{1}{4}(y-3)^2 + 1$ (B) $y = \frac{1}{4}(x-1)^2 + 3$
(C) $x = \frac{1}{12}(y-3)^2 + 1$ (D) $y = \frac{1}{12}(x-1)^2 + 3$ (E) NOTA

2. What is the radius of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 16y = 25$?
(A) 7 (B) 5 (C) $7\sqrt{2}$ (D) $5\sqrt{2}$ (E) NOTA

3. What is the eccentricity of $\frac{(x-3)^2}{64} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{36} = 1$?
(A) $\frac{5}{3}$ (B) $\frac{5}{4}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{4}$ (E) NOTA

4. The parametric equations of a particle's motion in the plane are $y = 1 + \sin t$ and $x = 1 - \cos t$. What is the shape of the path traced by the particle?
(A) an ellipse but not a circle (B) a parabola (C) a hyperbola (D) a circle (E) NOTA

5. What is the shape of the graph of $r = 1 + 3 \cos \theta$?
(A) a circle (B) a limaçon (C) a cardioid (D) a 4-leaf rose (E) NOTA

6. $g(x) = \frac{8+3x}{x^3}$ and $f(x) = x^2 g(x)$. Determine $f'(1)$.
(A) -8 (B) 6 (C) -4 (D) 2 (E) NOTA

7. A cube is expanding. When the edge length is increasing at 1 cm/s, the volume is increasing at a rate of 4 cm³/s. What is the length of an edge at this moment?
(A) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ (B) $\sqrt{2}$ (C) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$ (D) $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$ (E) NOTA

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8. Evaluate $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(3xy + \frac{4y}{x} \right)$ at the point (3,2).
- (A) $\frac{46}{9}$ (B) $\frac{62}{9}$ (C) 7 (D) $\frac{68}{9}$ (E) NOTA
9. What is the area of the region enclosed by the equation $r = \cos 3\theta$?
- (A) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (B) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ (C) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (D) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ (E) NOTA
10. What is the volume of the solid formed by rotating the region between the graph of $y = 4 - (x - 2)^2$ and the x-axis about the y-axis?
- (A) $\frac{128\pi}{3}$ (B) 44π (C) $\frac{136\pi}{3}$ (D) $\frac{140\pi}{3}$ (E) NOTA
11. What is the average value of $y = x^3 + 4$ between 2 and 4?
- (A) 31 (B) 34 (C) 37 (D) 40 (E) NOTA
12. If $f(b) = \int_5^b g(x)dx$ and $g(x) = \frac{2+3x}{x^2}$, what's $f'(4)$?
- (A) 1 (B) $\frac{23}{24}$ (C) $\frac{11}{12}$ (D) $\frac{7}{8}$ (E) NOTA
13. Evaluate $\int (3 + 6x^2)dx$
- (A) $3 + 18x^3$ (B) $3 + 2x^3$ (C) $3x + 12x^3$ (D) $3x + 2x^3$ (E) NOTA
14. Determine $y(4)$, given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = [x]$ and $y(6) = 6$?
- (A) -4 (B) -3 (C) -2 (D) -1 (E) NOTA
15. A particle undergoes an acceleration in the positive x direction which obeys the law $a = -2$. At time $t = 2$ the particle is at $x = 4$, while at time $t = 1$ the particle's velocity is 6. Where is the particle at time $t = 8$?
- (A) -10 (B) -8 (C) -4 (D) 2 (E) NOTA

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16. Determine the value of b given that $f(x)$ is continuous for all x .

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 3, & x \leq 8 \\ bx + 8, & x > 8 \end{cases}$$

- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{7}{16}$ (C) $\frac{3}{8}$ (D) $\frac{3}{16}$ (E) NOTA

17. What is the coefficient of the x^3 term in the Taylor expansion of $x + \frac{3}{(x-2)^2}$ about $x = 0$?

- (A) $\frac{9}{2}$ (B) $\frac{3}{16}$ (C) $-\frac{3}{8}$ (D) (E) NOTA

18. Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{3^{x-4} - 1}{x^2 - 8x + 16}$

- (A) 0 (B) 1 (C) $\sqrt{3}$ (D) ∞ (E) NOTA

19. Evaluate: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x^2 - 25 + \frac{9}{2x}}{2x - \frac{4}{x} - 5}$

- (A) 2 (B) $-\frac{9}{8}$ (C) $\frac{4}{3}$ (D) 5 (E) NOTA

20. In how many zeros does $100!$ end?

- (A) 20 (B) 21 (C) 24 (D) 25 (E) NOTA

21. How many factors does 1750 have?

- (A) 6 (B) 8 (C) 12 (D) 16 (E) NOTA

22. What is the value of a if $345_a = 456_{a-1}$?

- (A) 8 (B) 9 (C) 10 (D) 11 (E) NOTA

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23. For each n in the set of natural numbers from 3 to 10, the remainder when t is divided by n is 2. What is the smallest possible value for t ?
- (A) 2,522 (B) 54,382 (C) 1,814,402 (D) 3,628,802 (E) NOTA
24. A card is drawn from a deck. What is the probability that it is neither a 3 nor a club?
- (A) $\frac{9}{13}$ (B) $\frac{17}{26}$ (C) $\frac{8}{13}$ (D) $\frac{31}{52}$ (E) NOTA
25. A class consists of 6 boys and 4 girls. If they line up with the boys in order by height and the girls randomly arranged in the same line, how many arrangements are possible?
- (A) 3,656 (B) 4,132 (C) 4,488 (D) 5,040 (E) NOTA
26. Consider the data set: 3, 9, 7, 3, 11, 13, 4, x , y , where x equals the mode of the data set and y is the median of the data set. What is the maximum sum of x and y if both are integers?
- (A) 10 (B) 12 (C) 14 (D) 18 (E) NOTA
27. You have two bags of coins. Bag 1 contains 5 quarters and 3 dimes. Bag 2 contains 3 quarters and 2 dimes. A coin is drawn from Bag 1 and placed in Bag 2. A pair of coins is then drawn from Bag 2. If the total amount of money drawn from Bag 2 is \$0.35, what is the probability a quarter was drawn from Bag 1?
- (A) $\frac{8}{13}$ (B) $\frac{27}{39}$ (C) $\frac{33}{49}$ (D) $\frac{40}{67}$ (E) NOTA
28. What is the expected value of number Q , if the probability that Q is less than x is $p_Q(x) = \left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^2$ for $0 \leq x \leq 3$, is 0 for $x < 0$, and 1 for $x > 3$.
- (A) $\frac{79}{36}$ (B) $\frac{9}{4}$ (C) $\frac{41}{18}$ (D) $\frac{5}{2}$ (E) NOTA
29. The sum of the first 86 terms of an arithmetic sequence with common difference -3 is 215. What is the 30th term of the sequence?
- (A) 40 (B) 43 (C) 46 (D) 49 (E) NOTA

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30. Evaluate: $\sum_{n=15}^{27} n^3 - an$

- (A) $122,139 - 273a$ (B) $128,390 - 273a$
(C) $131,859 - 273a$ (D) $138,242 - 273a$ (E) NOTA

31. The first, third, and fourth terms of a geometric sequence form an arithmetic sequence. If the sequences are non-trivial and the common ratio of the geometric sequence is positive, what is the common ratio?

- (A) $\frac{-1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ (B) $-1+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$ (C) $\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ (D) $1+\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$ (E) NOTA

32. A rubber ball dropped 40 meters bounces $\frac{3}{8}$ of the height from which it fell on each bounce. How far, in meters, will it travel before coming to rest?

- (A) 64 (B) 72 (C) 80 (D) 88 (E) NOTA

33. Find the sum of all the multiples of 27 between 432 and 2345, inclusive.

- (A) 89,245 (B) 97,767 (C) 105,388 (D) 111,206 (E) NOTA

34. What is the period of $y = 3\sec(24\pi x)$?

- (A) $\frac{1}{24\pi}$ (B) $\frac{1}{12\pi}$ (C) $\frac{1}{24}$ (D) $\frac{1}{12}$ (E) NOTA

35. Which of the following statements is equivalent to $\cos^2 2x$?

- (A) $1 - 2\sin^2 x$ (B) $1 - \sin^3 x$ (C) $2\cos^2 x - 1$ (D) $\frac{1 + \cos 4x}{2}$ (E) NOTA

36. If $\tan x = \frac{1}{2}$, and x is between $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and π , what is the value of $\cos 2x$?

- (A) $\frac{2}{5}$ (B) $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) $\frac{3}{5}$ (D) $\frac{3}{4}$ (E) NOTA

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37. A particle is constrained to always occupy a point on the unit circle and in the first quadrant. Let θ be the angle from the positive x-axis to the ray through the origin containing the particle under consideration. When the particle's movement satisfies $y = .3$ units, $\frac{dy}{dt} = -.6$ units/second, what is $\frac{d\theta}{dt}$ at this time, to the nearest hundredth of a rad/sec?

- (A) .47 (B) .52 (C) .59 (D) .63 (E) NOTA

38. $y = \csc^{-1} x$. Determine $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

- (A) $\frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}$ (B) $\frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}}$ (C) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$ (D) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-1}}$ (E) NOTA

39. In a sequence of four numbers, the first three form an arithmetic sequence, while the last three form a geometric sequence. If the common difference of the arithmetic sequence and the common ratio of the geometric sequence are equal, and the second of the four terms is $\frac{7}{5}$, what is the value of the common ratio of the geometric sequence?

- (A) $\frac{7}{2}$ (B) $\frac{7}{5}$ (C) $\frac{2}{5}$ (D) $\frac{5}{7}$ (E) NOTA

40. Which of the following have continuous first derivatives for all values of $x \in \mathbb{R}$?

- I. $y = x$
- II. $y = |x|$
- III. $y = x^2$
- IV. $y = [x]$
- V. $y = -x$

- (A) I, II & III (B) II, III & IV (C) I, III & V (D) I, II, III & V (E) NOTA